

EVALUATION KIT
AVAILABLE

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

General Description

The MAX9713/MAX9714 mono/stereo Class D audio power amplifiers provide Class AB amplifier performance with Class D efficiency, conserving board space and eliminating the need for a bulky heatsink. Using a Class D architecture, these devices deliver up to 6W while offering greater than 85% efficiency. Proprietary and patent-protected modulation and switching schemes render the traditional Class D output filter unnecessary.

The MAX9713/MAX9714 offer two modulation schemes: a fixed-frequency mode (FFM), and a spread-spectrum mode (SSM) that reduces EMI-radiated emissions due to the modulation frequency. The device utilizes a fully differential architecture, a full bridged output, and comprehensive click-and-pop suppression.

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature high 76dB PSRR, low 0.07% THD+N, and SNR in excess of 95dB. Short-circuit and thermal-overload protection prevent the devices from being damaged during a fault condition. The MAX9713 is available in a 32-pin TQFN (5mm x 5mm x 0.8mm) package. The MAX9714 is available in a 32-pin TQFN (7mm x 7mm x 0.8mm) package. Both devices are specified over the extended -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

Applications

LCD Monitors
LCD TVs
Desktop PCs
LCD Projectors

High-End Notebook Audio
Hands-Free Car Phone Adaptors

Features

- ◆ Filterless Class D Amplifier
- ◆ Unique Spread-Spectrum Mode Offers 5dB Emissions Improvement Over Conventional Methods
- ◆ Up to 85% Efficient
- ◆ 6W Output Power into 8Ω
- ◆ Low 0.07% THD+N
- ◆ High PSRR (76dB at 1kHz)
- ◆ 10V to 25V Single-Supply Operation
- ◆ Differential Inputs Minimize Common-Mode Noise
- ◆ Pin-Selectable Gain Reduces Component Count
- ◆ Industry-Leading Integrated Click-and-Pop Suppression
- ◆ Low Quiescent Current (18mA)
- ◆ Low-Power Shutdown Mode (0.2μA)
- ◆ Short-Circuit and Thermal-Overload Protection
- ◆ Available in Thermally Efficient, Space-Saving Packages

32-Pin TQFN (5mm x 5mm x 0.8mm)—MAX9713

32-Pin TQFN (7mm x 7mm x 0.8mm)—MAX9714

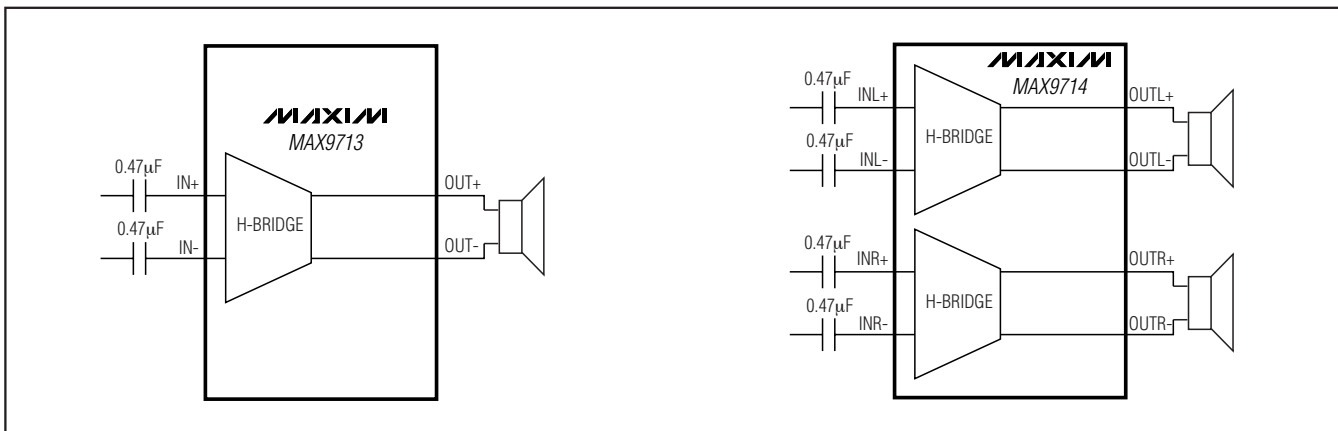
Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	AMP
MAX9713ETJ+	-40°C to +85°C	32 TQFN-EP*	Mono
MAX9714ETJ+	-40°C to +85°C	32 TQFN-EP*	Stereo

*EP = Exposed paddle.

+Denotes lead-free package.

Block Diagrams



Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.



Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

MAX9713/MAX9714

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(All voltages referenced to GND.)

V _{DD} to PGND, AGND	30V
OUTR ₋ , OUTL ₋ , C1N	-0.3V to (V _{DD} + 0.3V)
C1P	(V _{DD} - 0.3V) to (CHOLD + 0.3V)
CHOLD	(V _{DD} - 0.3V) to +40V
All Other Pins to GND	-0.3V to +12V
Duration of OUTR ₋ /OUTL ₋ Short Circuit to GND, V _{DD}	Continuous
Continuous Input Current (V _{DD} , PGND, AGND)	1.6A
Continuous Input Current (all other pins)	±20mA

Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)

Single-Layer Board:

MAX9713 32-Pin TQFN (derate 21.3mW/°C above +70°C)	1702.1mW
MAX9714 32-Pin TQFN (derate 27mW/°C above +70°C)	2162.2mW

Multilayer Board:

MAX9713 32-Pin TQFN (derate 34.5mW/°C above +70°C)	2758.6mW
MAX9714 32-Pin TQFN (derate 37mW/°C above +70°C)	2963.0mW

Junction Temperature

Operating Temperature Range

Storage Temperature Range

Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD} = 15V, GND = PGND = 0V, $\overline{\text{SHDN}} \geq V_{IH}$, A_V = 16dB, C_{SS} = C_{IN} = 0.47μF, C_{REG} = 0.01μF, C1 = 100nF, C2 = 1μF, FS1 = FS2 = GND (f_S = 330kHz), R_L connected between OUTL+ and OUTL- and OUTR+ and OUTR-, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
GENERAL							
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}	Inferred from PSRR test	10		25	V	
Quiescent Current	I _{DD}	R _L = ∞	MAX9713	10	17.5	mA	
			MAX9714	18	23		
Shutdown Current	I _{SHDN}			0.2	1.5	μA	
Turn-On Time	t _{ON}	C _{SS} = 470nF		100		ms	
		C _{SS} = 180nF		50			
Amplifier Output Resistance in Shutdown		$\overline{\text{SHDN}} = \text{GND}$	150	330		kΩ	
Input Impedance	R _{IN}	A _V = 13dB	35	58	80	kΩ	
		A _V = 16dB	30	48	65		
		A _V = 19.1dB	23	39	55		
		A _V = 22.1dB	20	31	42		
Voltage Gain	A _V	G1 = L, G2 = L	21.9	22.1	22.3	dB	
		G1 = L, G2 = H	18.9	19.1	19.3		
		G1 = H, G2 = L	12.8	13	13.2		
		G1 = H, G2 = H	15.9	16	16.3		
Gain Matching		Between channels (MAX9714)		0.5		%	
Output Offset Voltage	V _{OS}			±6	±30	mV	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	f _{IN} = 1kHz, input referred		60		dB	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 3)	PSRR	V _{DD} = 10V to 25V	54	76		dB	
		200mV _{P-P} ripple	f _{RIPPLE} = 1kHz		76		
			f _{RIPPLE} = 20kHz		60		

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

MAX9713/MAX9714

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{DD} = 15V$, $GND = PGND = 0V$, $\overline{SHDN} \geq V_{IH}$, $A_V = 16dB$, $C_{SS} = C_{IN} = 0.47\mu F$, $C_{REG} = 0.01\mu F$, $C_1 = 100nF$, $C_2 = 1\mu F$, $FS1 = FS2 = GND$ ($f_S = 330kHz$), R_L connected between $OUTL+$ and $OUTL-$ and $OUTR+$ and $OUTR-$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Power	P_{OUT}	THD+N = 10%, $f = 1kHz$	$R_L = 16\Omega$		8		W
			$R_L = 8\Omega$		6		
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	$f_{IN} = 1kHz$, either FFM or SSM, $R_L = 8\Omega$, $P_{OUT} = 4W$			0.07		%
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	SNR	$R_L = 8\Omega$, $P_{OUT} = 4W$, $f = 1kHz$	BW = 22Hz to 22kHz	FFM	94		dB
				SSM	88		
			A-weighted	FFM	97		
				SSM	91		
Oscillator Frequency	f_{OSC}	FS1 = L, FS2 = L		300	335	370	kHz
		FS1 = L, FS2 = H		460			
		FS1 = H, FS2 = L		236			
		FS1 = H, FS2 = H (spread-spectrum mode)		335			
Efficiency	η	$P_{OUT} = 5W$, $f_{IN} = 1kHz$, $R_L = 16\Omega$			85		%
		$P_{OUT} = 4W$, $f = 1kHz$, $R_L = 8\Omega$			75		
DIGITAL INPUTS (\overline{SHDN}, FS_{-}, G_{-})							
Input Thresholds		V_{IH}		2.5			V
		V_{IL}				0.8	
Input Leakage Current						± 1	μA

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at $+25^\circ C$. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

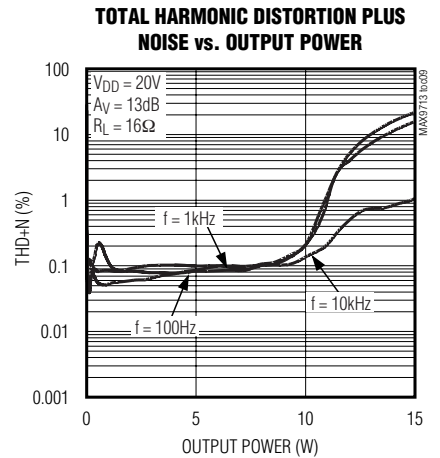
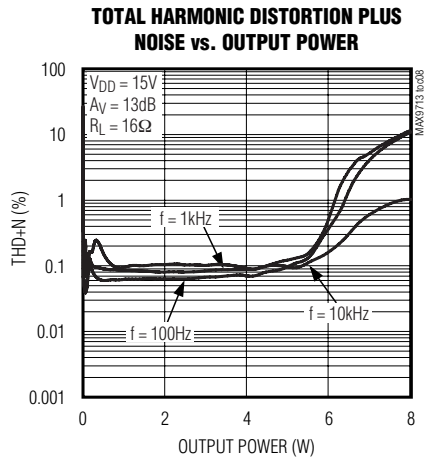
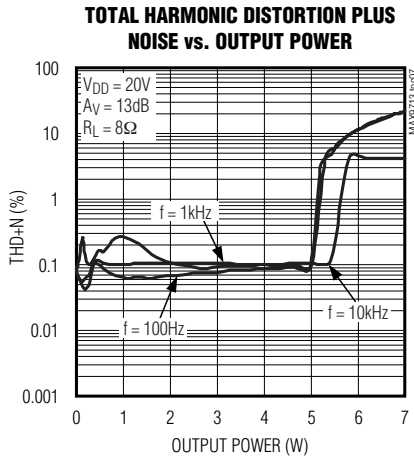
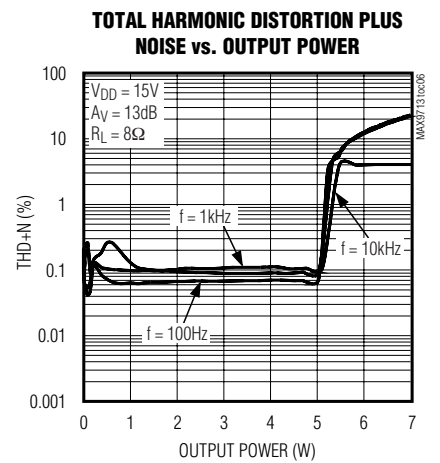
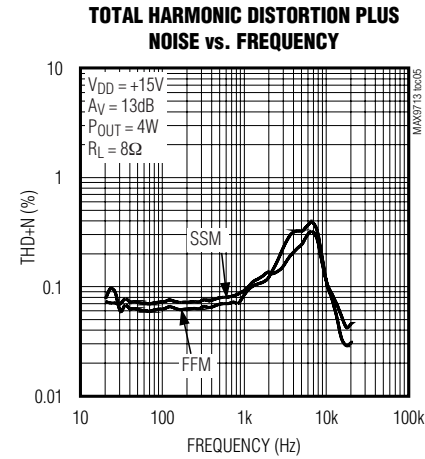
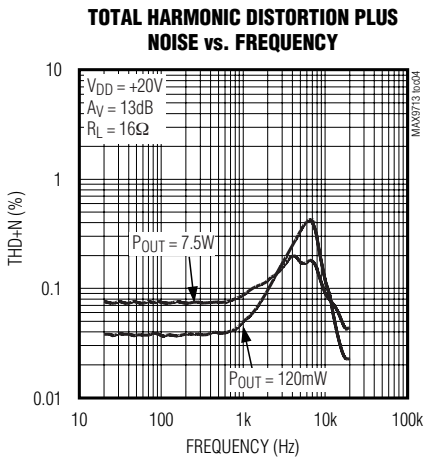
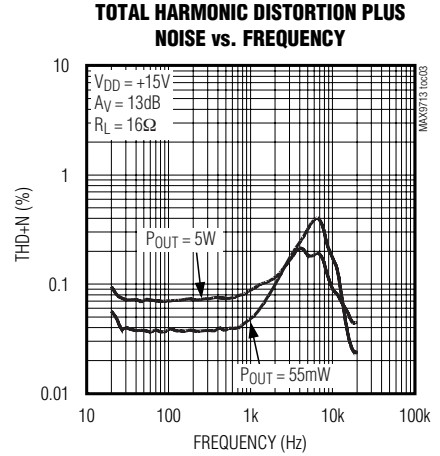
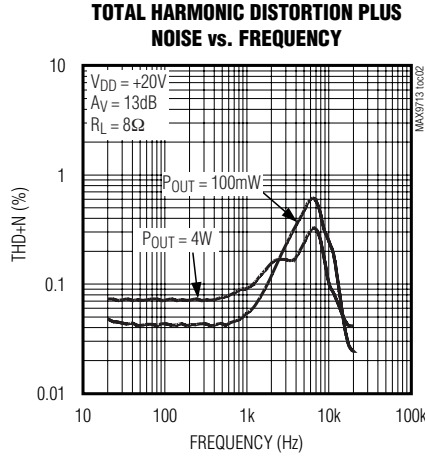
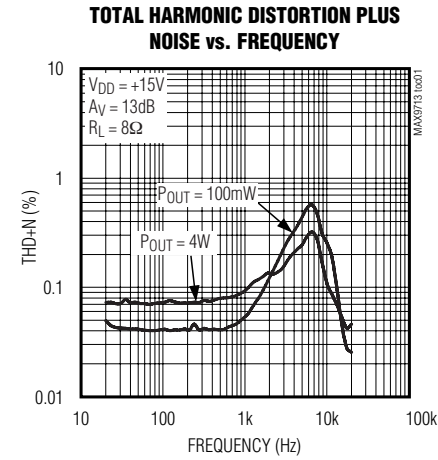
Note 2: Testing performed with a resistive load in series with an inductor to simulate an actual speaker load. For $R_L = 8\Omega$, $L = 68\mu H$. For $R_L = 16\Omega$, $L = 136\mu H$.

Note 3: PSRR is specified with the amplifier inputs connected to GND through C_{IN} .

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Typical Operating Characteristics

(136 μ H with 16 Ω , 68 μ H with 8 Ω , part in SSM mode, unless otherwise noted.)



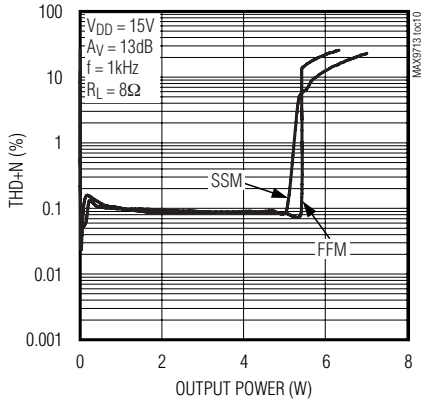
6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

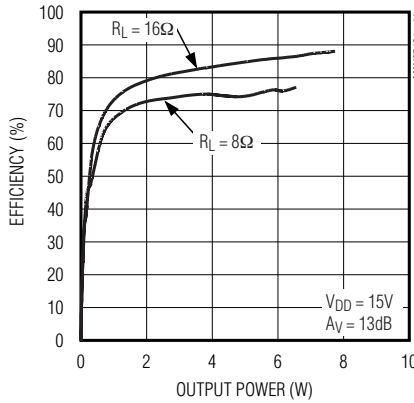
(136 μ H with 16 Ω , 68 μ H with 8 Ω , part in SSM mode, unless otherwise noted.)

MAX9713/MAX9714

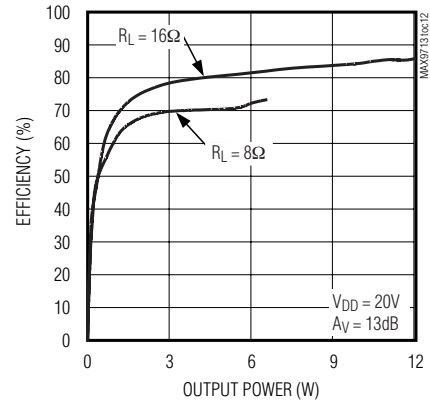
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER



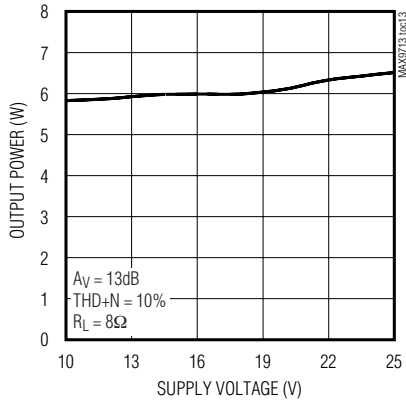
EFFICIENCY vs. OUTPUT POWER



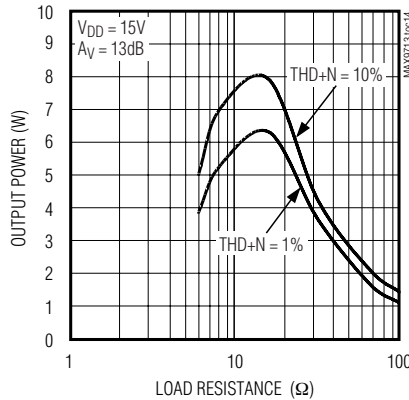
EFFICIENCY vs. OUTPUT POWER



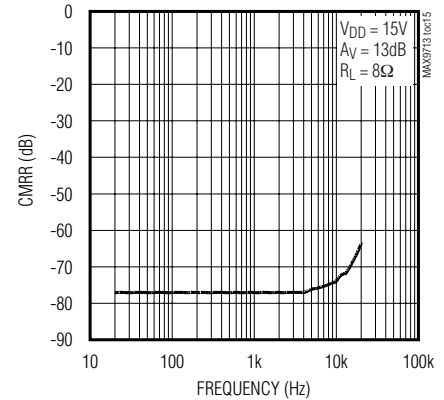
OUTPUT POWER vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



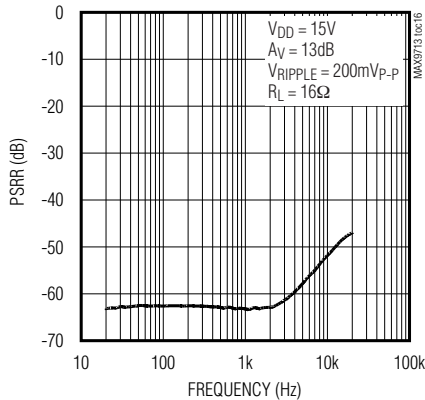
OUTPUT POWER vs. LOAD RESISTANCE



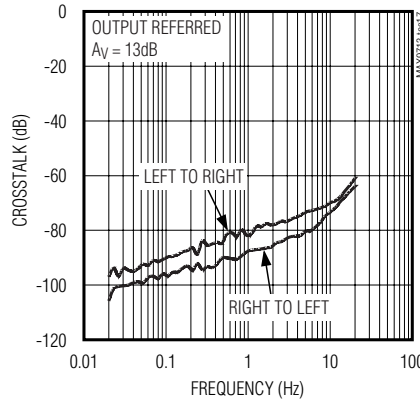
COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO vs. FREQUENCY



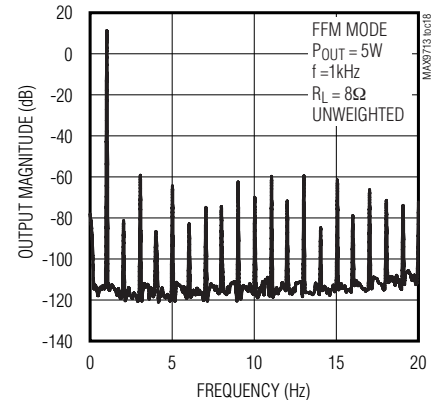
POWER-SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO vs. FREQUENCY



CROSSTALK vs. FREQUENCY



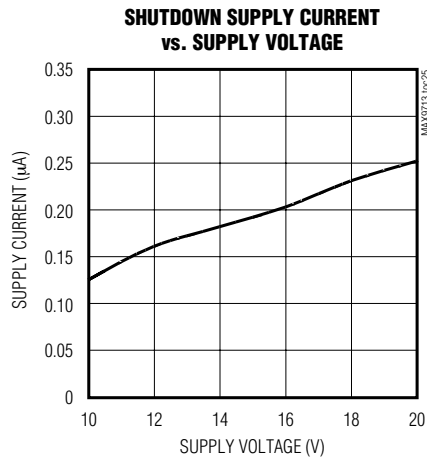
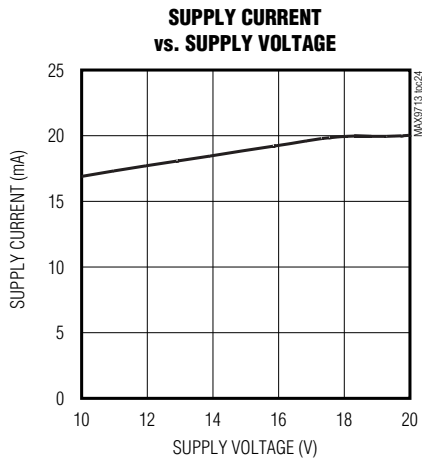
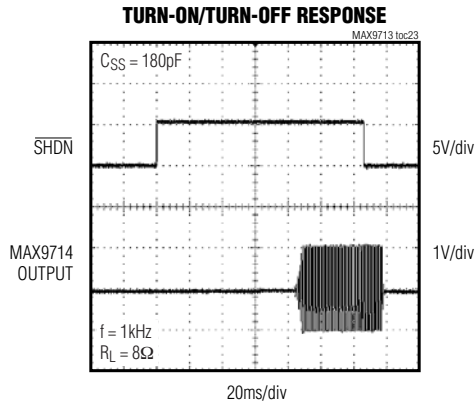
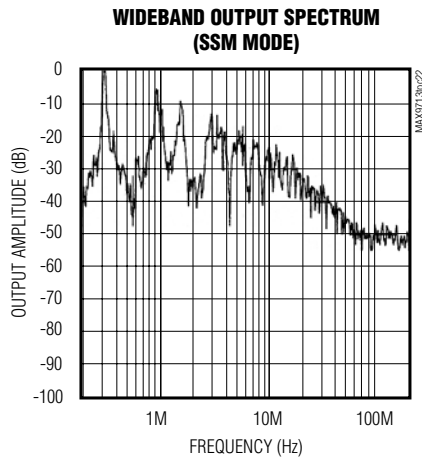
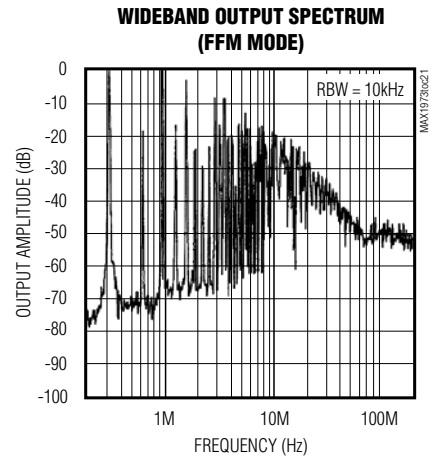
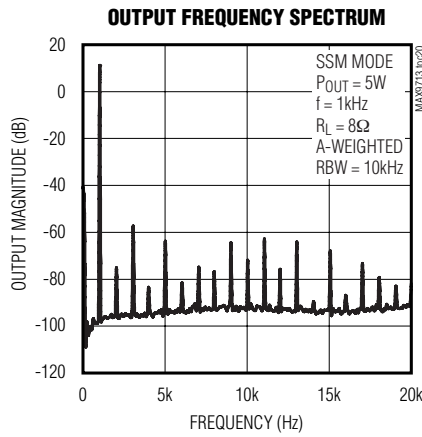
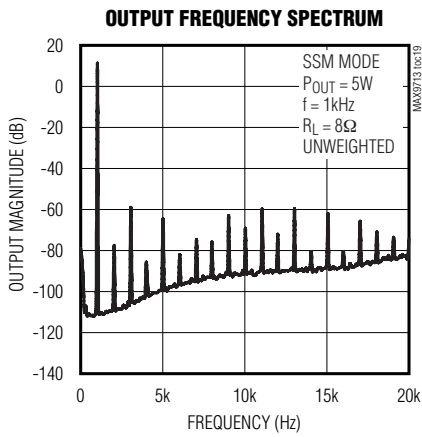
OUTPUT FREQUENCY SPECTRUM



6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(136 μ H with 16 Ω , 68 μ H with 8 Ω , part in SSM mode, unless otherwise noted.)



6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Pin Description

MAX9713/MAX9714

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
MAX9713	MAX9714		
1, 2, 23, 24	1, 2, 23, 24	PGND	Power Ground
3, 4, 21, 22	3, 4, 21, 22	V _{DD}	Power-Supply Input
5	5	C1N	Charge-Pump Flying Capacitor Negative Terminal
6	6	C1P	Charge-Pump Flying Capacitor Positive Terminal
7	7	CHOLD	Charge-Pump Hold Capacitor. Connect a 1μF capacitor from CHOLD to V _{DD} .
8, 17, 20, 25, 26, 31, 32	8	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.
9	14	REG	6V Internal Regulator Output. Bypass with a 0.01μF capacitor to PGND.
10	13	AGND	Analog Ground
11	—	IN-	Negative Input
12	—	IN+	Positive Input
13	12	SS	Soft-Start. Connect a 0.47μF capacitor from SS to GND to enable soft-start feature.
14	11	$\overline{\text{SHDN}}$	Active-Low Shutdown. Connect $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ to GND to disable the device. Connect to V _{DD} for normal operation.
15	17	G1	Gain-Select Input 1
16	18	G2	Gain-Select Input 2
18	19	FS1	Frequency-Select Input 1
19	20	FS2	Frequency-Select Input 2
27, 28	—	OUT-	Negative Audio Output
29, 30	—	OUT+	Positive Audio Output
—	9	INL-	Left-Channel Negative Input
—	10	INL+	Left-Channel Positive Input
—	15	INR-	Right-Channel Negative Input
—	16	INR+	Right-Channel Positive Input
—	25, 26	OUTR-	Right-Channel Negative Audio Output
—	27, 28	OUTR+	Right-Channel Positive Audio Output
—	29, 30	OUTL-	Left-Channel Negative Audio Output
—	31, 32	OUTL+	Left-Channel Positive Audio Output
—	—	EP	Exposed Paddle. Connect to GND.

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Detailed Description

The MAX9713/MAX9714 filterless, Class D audio power amplifiers feature several improvements to switch-mode amplifier technology. The MAX9713 is a mono amplifier, the MAX9714 is a stereo amplifier. These devices offer Class AB performance with Class D efficiency, while occupying minimal board space. A unique filterless modulation scheme and spread-spectrum switching mode create a compact, flexible, low-noise, efficient audio power amplifier. The differential input architecture reduces common-mode noise pickup, and can be used without input-coupling capacitors. The devices can also be configured as a single-ended input amplifier.

Comparators monitor the device inputs and compare the complementary input voltages to the triangle waveform. The comparators trip when the input magnitude of the triangle exceeds their corresponding input voltage.

Operating Modes

Fixed-Frequency Modulation (FFM) Mode

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature three FFM modes with different switching frequencies (Table 1). In FFM mode, the frequency spectrum of the Class D output consists of the fundamental switching frequency and its associated harmonics (see the Wideband Output Spectrum (FFM Mode) graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*). The MAX9713/ MAX9714 allow the switching frequency to be changed by $\pm 35\%$, should the frequency of one or more of the harmonics fall in a sensitive band. This can be done at any time and not affect audio reproduction.

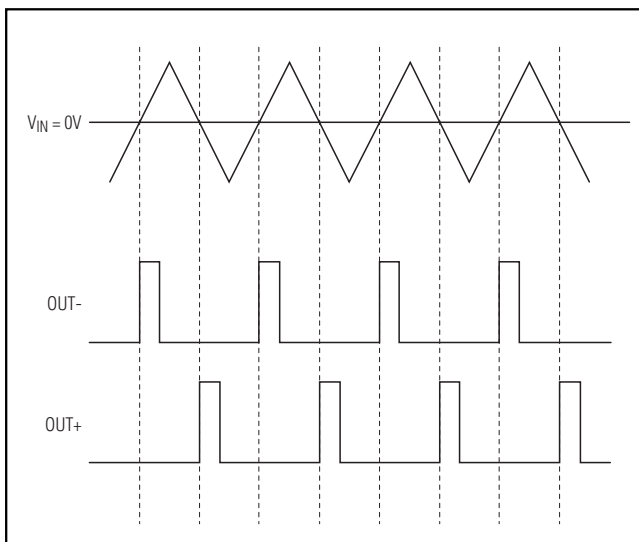


Figure 1. MAX9714 Outputs with No Input Signal Applied

Table 1. Operating Modes

FS1	FS2	SWITCHING MODE (kHz)
L	L	335
L	H	460
H	L	236
H	H	335 $\pm 7\%$

Spread-Spectrum Modulation (SSM) Mode

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature a unique, patented spread-spectrum mode that flattens the wideband spectral components, improving EMI emissions that may be radiated by the speaker and cables. This mode is enabled by setting FS1 = FS2 = H. In SSM mode, the switching frequency varies randomly by $\pm 1.7\%$ kHz around the center frequency (335kHz). The modulation scheme remains the same, but the period of the triangle waveform changes from cycle to cycle. Instead of a large amount of spectral energy present at multiples of the switching frequency, the energy is now spread over a bandwidth that increases with frequency. Above a few megahertz, the wideband spectrum looks like white noise for EMI purposes (Figure 2).

Efficiency

Efficiency of a Class D amplifier is attributed to the region of operation of the output stage transistors. In a Class D amplifier, the output transistors act as current-steering switches and consume negligible additional power. Any power loss associated with the Class D output stage is mostly due to the I^2R loss of the MOSFET on-resistance, and quiescent current overhead.

The theoretical best efficiency of a linear amplifier is 78%, however that efficiency is only exhibited at peak output powers. Under normal operating levels (typical music reproduction levels), efficiency falls below 30%, whereas the MAX9714 still exhibits $>80\%$ efficiencies under the same conditions (Figure 3).

Shutdown

The MAX9713/MAX9714 have a shutdown mode that reduces power consumption and extends battery life. Driving SHDN low places the device in low-power (0.2 μ A) shutdown mode. Connect SHDN to a logic high for normal operation.

Click-and-Pop Suppression

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature comprehensive click-and-pop suppression that eliminates audible transients on startup and shutdown. While in shutdown, the H-bridge is pulled to GND through 300k Ω . During startup,

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

MAX9713/MAX9714

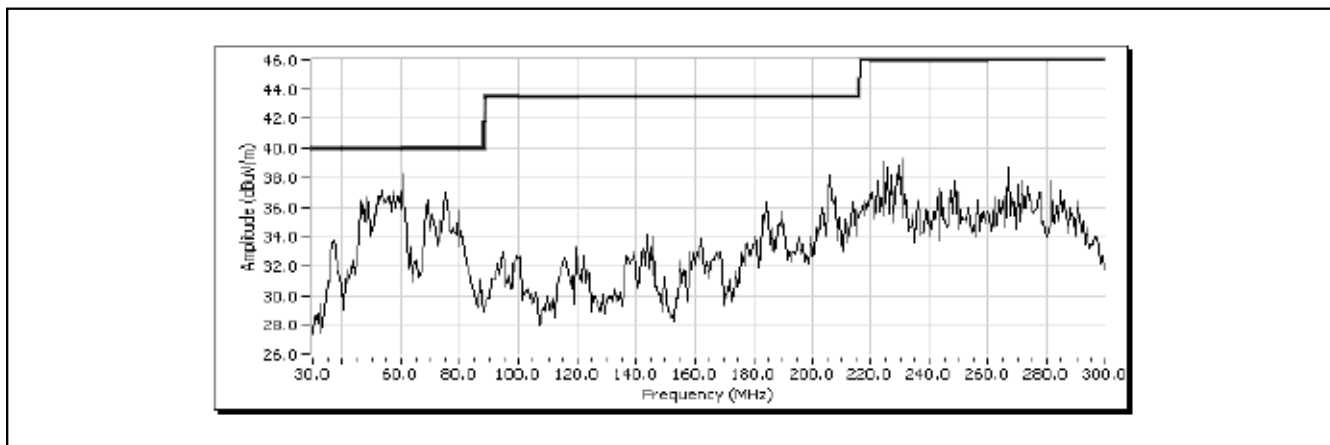


Figure 2. SSM Radiated Emissions

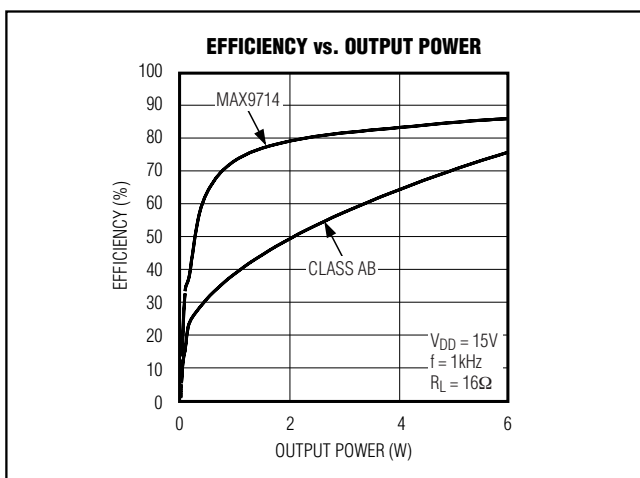


Figure 3. MAX9714 Efficiency vs. Class AB Efficiency

or power-up, the input amplifiers are muted and an internal loop sets the modulator bias voltages to the correct levels, preventing clicks and pops when the H-bridge is subsequently enabled. Following startup, a soft-start function gradually un-mutes the input amplifiers. The value of the soft-start capacitor has an impact on the click/pop levels. For optimum performance, C_{SS} should be at least $0.18\mu\text{F}$.

Mute Function

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature a clickless/popless mute mode. When the device is muted, the outputs stop switching, muting the speaker. Mute only affects the output state, and does not shut down the device. To mute the MAX9713/MAX9714, drive SS to GND by

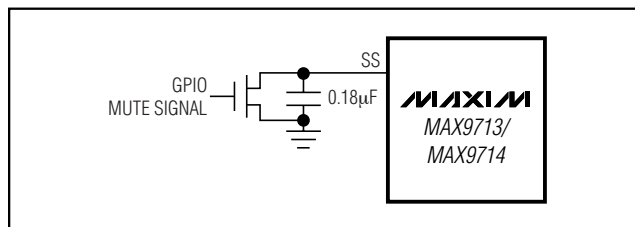


Figure 4. MAX9713/MAX9714 Mute Circuit

using a MOSFET pull-down (Figure 4). Driving SS to GND during the power-up/down or shutdown/turn-on cycle optimizes click-and-pop suppression.

Applications Information

Filterless Operation

Traditional Class D amplifiers require an output filter to recover the audio signal from the amplifier's PWM output. The filters add cost, increase the solution size of the amplifier, and can decrease efficiency. The traditional PWM scheme uses large differential output swings ($2 \times V_{DD}$ peak-to-peak) and causes large ripple currents. Any parasitic resistance in the filter components results in a loss of power, lowering the efficiency.

The MAX9713/MAX9714 do not require an output filter. The devices rely on the inherent inductance of the speaker coil and the natural filtering of both the speaker and the human ear to recover the audio component of the square-wave output. Eliminating the output filter results in a smaller, less costly, more efficient solution.

Because the frequency of the MAX9713/MAX9714 output is well beyond the bandwidth of most speakers, voice coil movement due to the square-wave frequency

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Table 2. Gain Settings

GAIN (dB)	DIFF INPUT (VRMS)	RL (Ω)	POUT at 10% THD+N (W)
13.0	1.27	16	8
16.1	0.89	16	8
19.1	0.63	16	8
22.1	0.45	16	8
13.0	0.78	8	6
16.1	0.54	8	6
19.1	0.39	8	6
22.1	0.27	8	6

is very small. Although this movement is small, a speaker not designed to handle the additional power can be damaged. For optimum results, use a speaker with a series inductance > 30μH. Typical 8Ω speakers exhibit series inductances in the range of 30μH to 100μH. Optimum efficiency is achieved with speaker inductances > 60μH.

Gain Selection

Table 2 shows the suggested gain settings to attain a maximum output power from a given peak input voltage and given load.

Internal Regulator Output (VREG)

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature an internal, 6V regulator output (VREG). The MAX9713/MAX9714 REG output pin simplifies system design and reduces system cost by providing a logic voltage high for the MAX9713/MAX9714 logic pins (G_, FS_). VREG is not available as a logic voltage high in shutdown mode. Do not apply VREG as an input voltage high to the MAX9713/MAX9714 SHDN pin. Do not apply VREG as a 6V potential to surrounding system components. Bypass REG with a 6.3V, 0.01μF capacitor to GND.

Output Offset

Unlike a Class AB amplifier, the output offset voltage of Class D amplifiers does not noticeably increase quiescent current draw when a load is applied. This is due to the power conversion of the Class D amplifier. For example, an 8mV DC offset across an 8Ω load results in 1mA extra current consumption in a Class AB device. In the Class D case, an 8mV offset into 8Ω equates to an additional power drain of 8μW. Due to the high efficiency of the Class D amplifier, this represents an additional quiescent current draw of: $8\mu\text{W}/(V_{\text{DD}}/100 \times \eta)$, which is on the order of a few microamps.

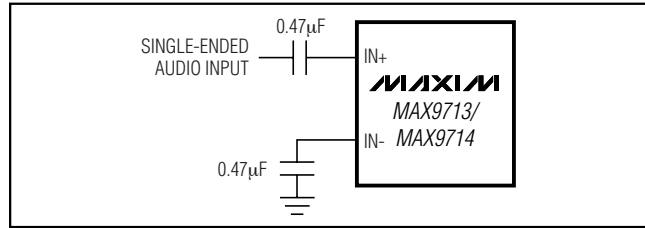


Figure 5. Single-Ended Input

Input Amplifier

Differential Input

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature a differential input structure, making them compatible with many CODECs, and offering improved noise immunity over a single-ended input amplifier. In devices such as PCs, noisy digital signals can be picked up by the amplifier's input traces. The signals appear at the amplifiers' inputs as common-mode noise. A differential input amplifier amplifies the difference of the two inputs, any signal common to both inputs is canceled.

Single-Ended Input

The MAX9713/MAX9714 can be configured as single-ended input amplifiers by capacitively coupling either input to GND and driving the other input (Figure 5).

Component Selection

Input Filter

An input capacitor, C_{IN} , in conjunction with the input impedance of the MAX9713/MAX9714, forms a high-pass filter that removes the DC bias from an incoming signal. The AC-coupling capacitor allows the amplifier to bias the signal to an optimum DC level. Assuming zero-source impedance, the -3dB point of the highpass filter is given by:

$$f_{-3\text{dB}} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{\text{IN}} C_{\text{IN}}}$$

Choose C_{IN} so $f_{-3\text{dB}}$ is well below the lowest frequency of interest. Setting $f_{-3\text{dB}}$ too high affects the low-frequency response of the amplifier. Use capacitors whose dielectrics have low-voltage coefficients, such as tantalum or aluminum electrolytic. Capacitors with high-voltage coefficients, such as ceramics, may result in increased distortion at low frequencies.

Charge-Pump Capacitor Selection

Use capacitors with an ESR less than 100mΩ for optimum performance. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors minimize the output resistance of the charge pump. For best performance over the extended temperature range, select capacitors with an X7R dielectric.

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Flying Capacitor (C1)

The value of the flying capacitor (C1) affects the load regulation and output resistance of the charge pump. A C1 value that is too small degrades the device's ability to provide sufficient current drive. Increasing the value of C1 improves load regulation and reduces the charge-pump output resistance to an extent. Above 1 μ F, the on-resistance of the switches and the ESR of C1 and C2 dominate.

Output Capacitor (C2)

The output capacitor value and ESR directly affect the ripple at CHOLD. Increasing C2 reduces output ripple. Likewise, decreasing the ESR of C2 reduces both ripple and output resistance. Lower capacitance values can be used in systems with low maximum output power levels.

Output Filter

The MAX9713/MAX9714 do not require an output filter. The device passes FCC emissions standards with 36cm of unshielded speaker cables. However, output filtering can be used if a design is failing radiated emissions due to board layout or cable length, or the circuit is near EMI-sensitive devices. Use a ferrite bead filter when radiated frequencies above 10MHz are of concern. Use an LC filter when radiated frequencies below 10MHz are of concern, or when long leads connect the

amplifier to the speaker. Refer to the MAX9714 Evaluation Kit schematic for details of this filter.

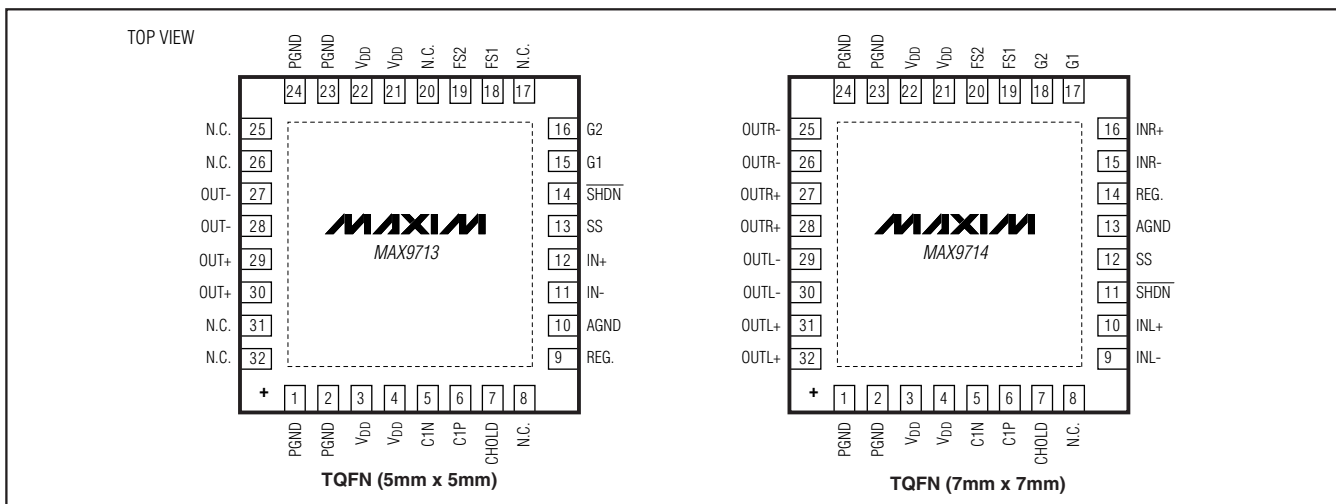
Sharing Input Sources

In certain systems, a single audio source can be shared by multiple devices (speaker and headphone amplifiers). When sharing inputs, it is common to mute the unused device, rather than completely shutting it down, preventing the unused device inputs from distorting the input signal. Mute the MAX9713/MAX9714 by driving SS low through an open-drain output or MOSFET (see the *System Diagram*). Driving SS low turns off the Class D output stage, but does not affect the input bias levels of the MAX9713/MAX9714. Be aware that during normal operation, the voltage at SS can be up to 7V, depending on the MAX9713/MAX9714 supply.

Supply Bypassing/Layout

Proper power-supply bypassing ensures low distortion operation. For optimum performance, bypass V_{DD} to PGND with a 0.1 μ F capacitor as close to each V_{DD} pin as possible. A low-impedance, high-current power-supply connection to V_{DD} is assumed. Additional bulk capacitance should be added as required depending on the application and power-supply characteristics. AGND and PGND should be star connected to system ground. Refer to the MAX9714 Evaluation Kit for layout guidance.

Pin Configurations



Chip Information

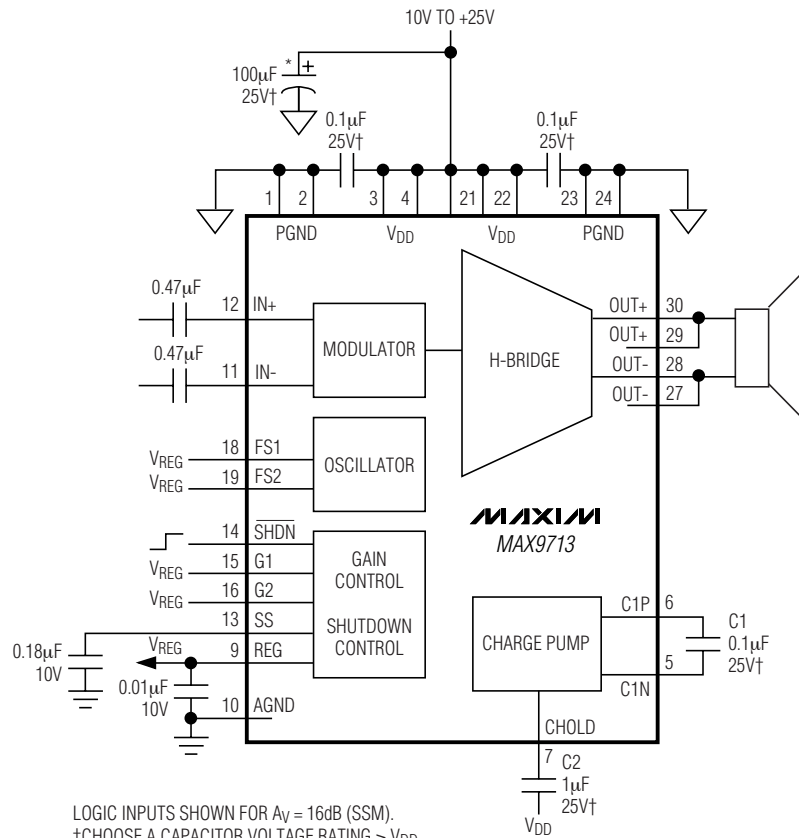
MAX9713 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 3093

MAX9714 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 4630

PROCESS: BICMOS

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

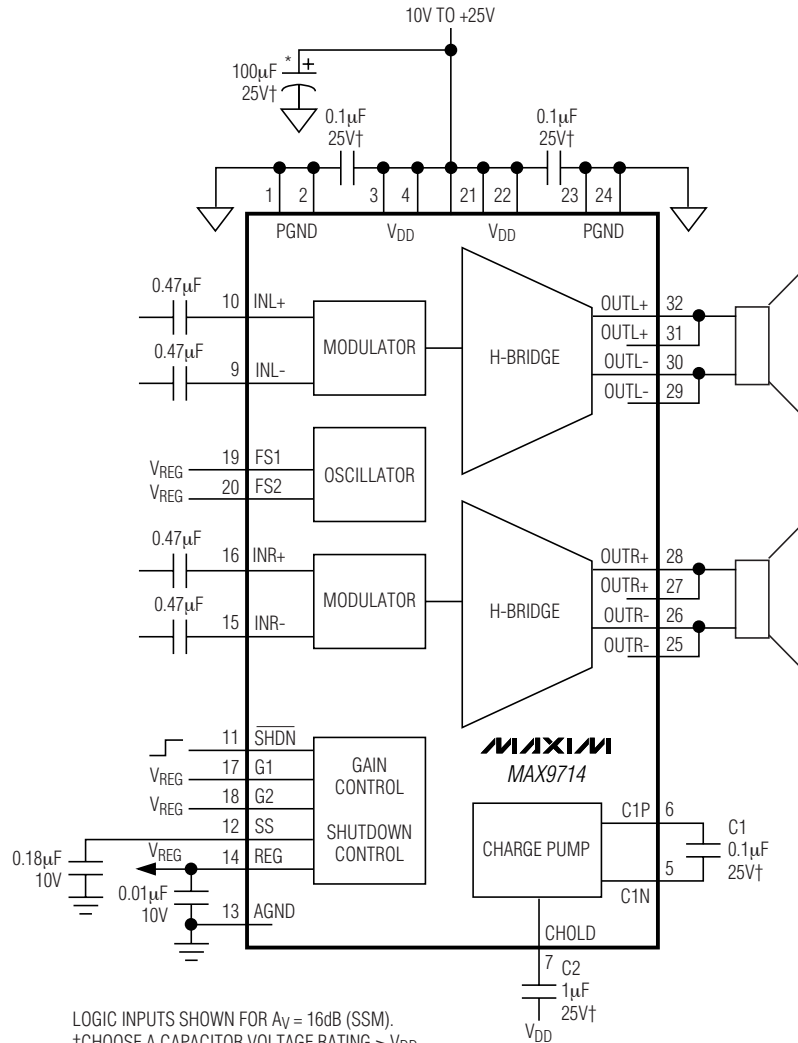
Functional Diagrams



6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Functional Diagrams (continued)

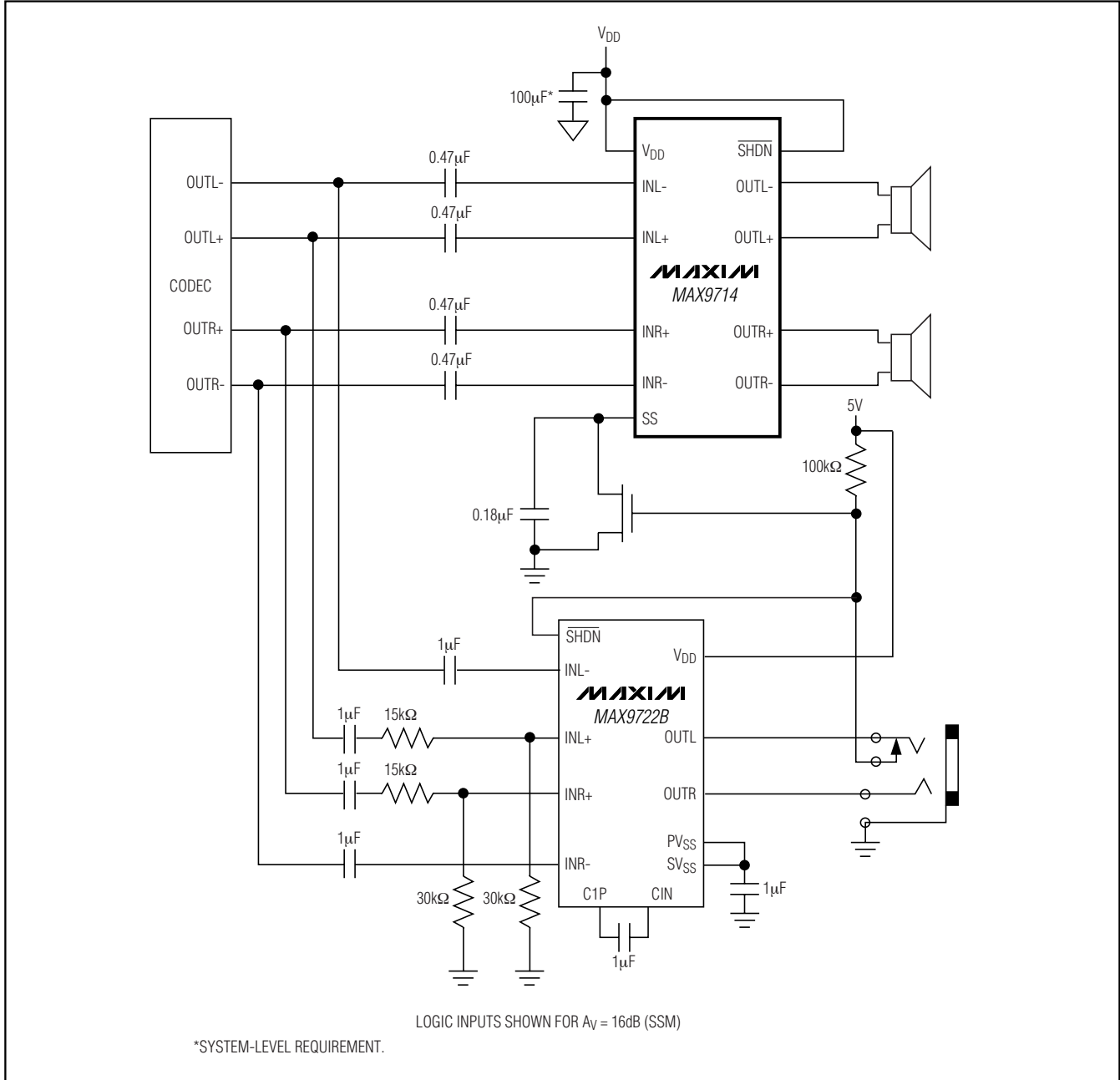
MAX9713/MAX9714



LOGIC INPUTS SHOWN FOR $A_V = 16\text{dB}$ (SSM).
 †CHOOSE A CAPACITOR VOLTAGE RATING $\geq V_{DD}$.
 *SYSTEM-LEVEL REQUIREMENT.

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

System Diagram



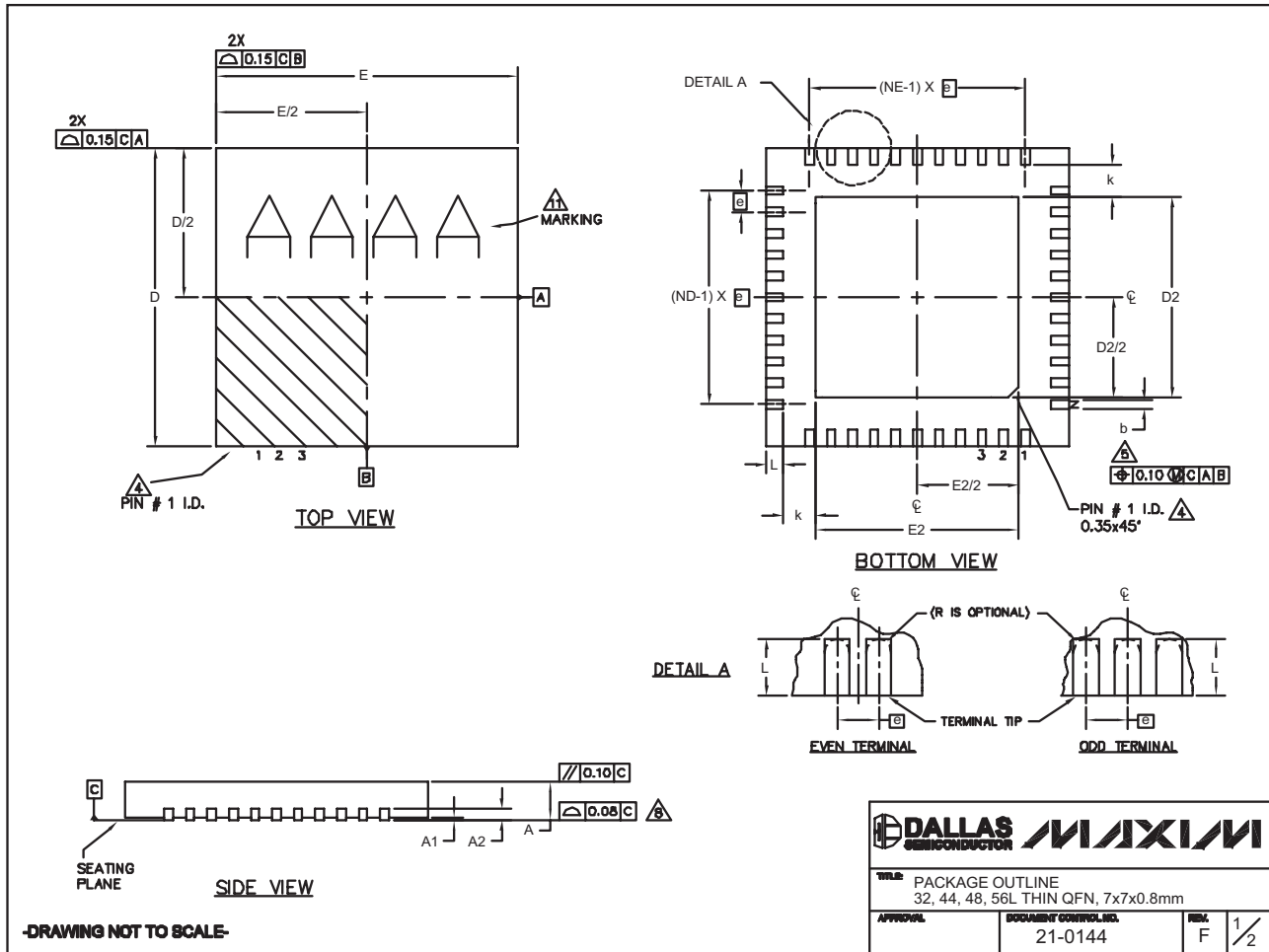
6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

MAX9713/MAX9714

32, 44, 48L QFN.EPS



6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

COMMON DIMENSIONS															
PKG	32L 7x7			44L 7x7			48L 7x7			CUSTOM PKG. (T4877-1)			56L 7x7		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
SYMBOL															
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	-	0.05
A2	0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.		
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.15	0.20	0.25
D	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10
E	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10
e	0.85 BSC.			0.50 BSC.			0.50 BSC.			0.50 BSC.			0.40 BSC.		
k	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-
L	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50
N	32			44			48			44			56		
ND	8			11			12			10			14		
NE	8			11			12			12			14		

EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS									
PKG. CODES	DEPOPULATED LEADS	D2			E2			JEDEC MO220 REV. C	
		MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		
T3277-2	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	-	
T3277-3	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	-	
T4477-2	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	WKGD-1	
T4477-3	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	WKGD-1	
T4877-1**	13,24,37,48	4.20	4.30	4.40	4.20	4.30	4.40	-	
T4877-3	-	4.95	5.10	5.25	4.95	5.10	5.25	-	
T4877-4	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-	
T4877-5	-	2.40	2.50	2.60	2.40	2.50	2.60	-	
T4877-6	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-	
T4877-7	-	4.95	5.10	5.25	4.95	5.10	5.25	-	
T4877M-1	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-	
T4877M-6	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-	
T4877MN-8	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-	
T5677-1	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-	
T5677-2	-	5.40	5.50	5.60	5.40	5.50	5.60	-	

** NOTE: T4877-1 IS A CUSTOM 48L PKG. WITH 4 LEADS DEPOPULATED. TOTAL NUMBER OF LEADS ARE 44.

NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
- N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
- THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.
- DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
- ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
- DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
- DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220 EXCEPT THE EXPOSED PAD DIMENSIONS OF T4877-1/-3/-4/-5/-6 & T5677-1.
- WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.
- MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY
- NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

TITLE: PACKAGE OUTLINE 32, 44, 48, 56L THIN QFN, 7x7x0.8mm			
APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.	REL.	2/2
	21-0144	F	

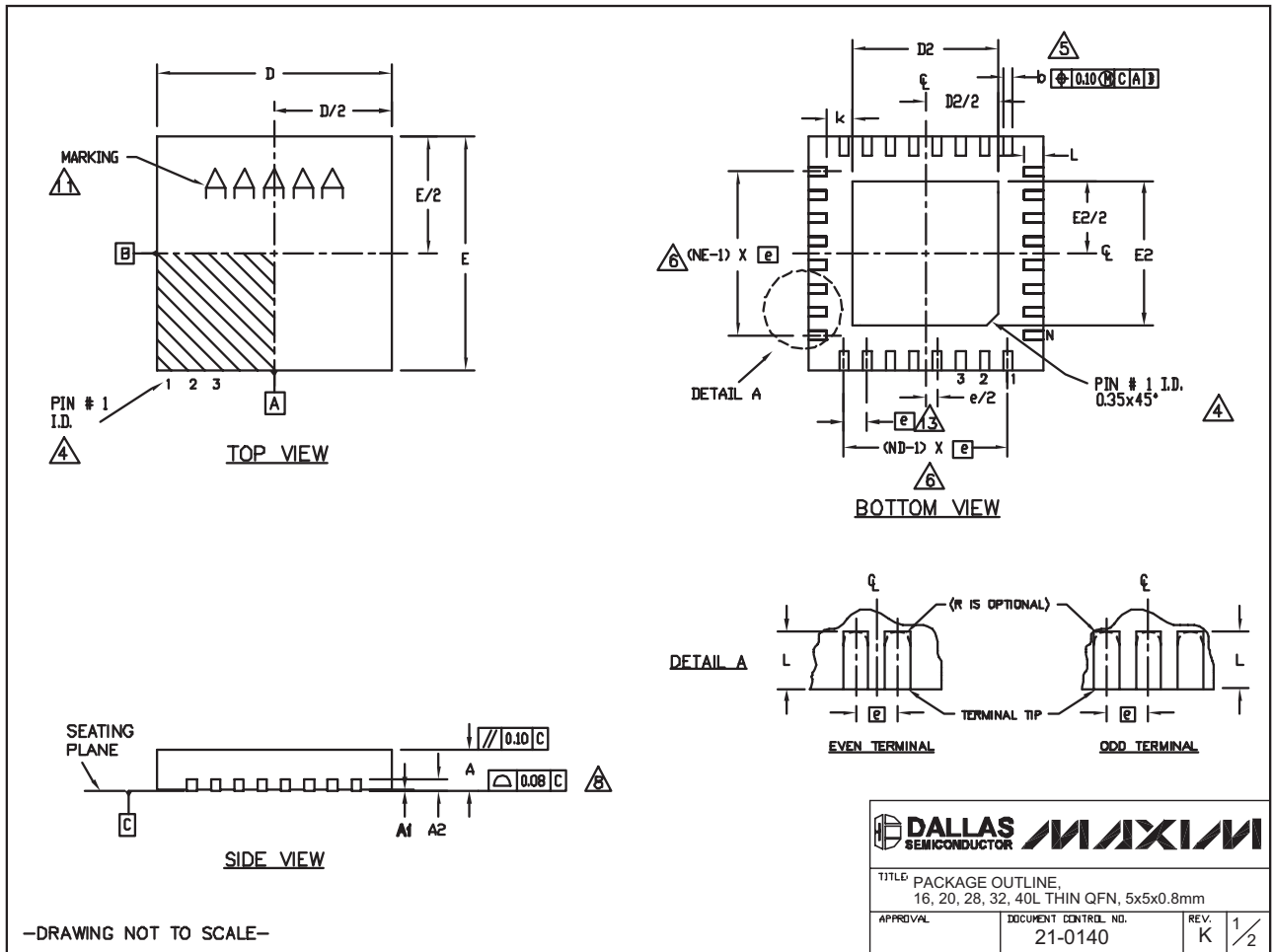
6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

MAX9713/MAX9714

QFN THIN.EPS



6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

COMMON DIMENSIONS															
PKG.	16L 5x5			20L 5x5			28L 5x5			32L 5x5			40L 5x5		
SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05
A2	0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.		
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.15	0.20	0.25
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10
E	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.90	5.00	5.10
e	0.80 BSC.			0.65 BSC.			0.50 BSC.			0.50 BSC.			0.40 BSC.		
k	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-
L	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.30	0.40	0.50
N	16			20			28			32			40		
ND	4			5			7			8			10		
NE	4			5			7			8			10		
JEDEC	VHHB			WHHC			WHHD-1			WHHD-2			-----		

EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS						
PKG. CODES	D2			E2		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
T1655-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T1655-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T1655N-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T2055-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T2055-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T2055-5	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35
T2055M-5	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35
T2855-3	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35
T2855-4	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80
T2855-5	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80
T2855-6	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35
T2855-7	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80
T2855-8	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35
T2855N-1	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35
T3255-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T3255-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T3255M-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T3255-5	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T3255N-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20
T4055-1	3.40	3.50	3.60	3.40	3.50	3.60
T4055-2	3.40	3.50	3.60	3.40	3.50	3.60

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- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
- DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-3, T2855-6, T4055-1 AND T4055-2.
- WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.
- MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.
- NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- LEAD CENTERLINES TO BE AT TRUE POSITION AS DEFINED BY BASIC DIMENSION 'e', ±0.05.

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

TITLE: PACKAGE OUTLINE, 16, 20, 28, 32, 40L THIN QFN, 5x5x0.8mm		
APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. 21-0140	REV. K 2/2

Revision History

Pages changed at Rev 6: 1, 3, 18

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